

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, FEB. 14, 1895.

NUMBER 25.

And Still They Go!

ALL

Men's, Boy's and Children's
OVERCOATS
1-4 OFF.

All Ladies', Misses' and
Children's Cloaks yet
on hand at
greatly
REDUCED
PRICES.

- ALL -

ODDS AND ENDS

In every department at
about two-thirds regular
prices.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

**HOAG
&
HOLMES.**

We are now prepared to show you our
new stock of Baby Carriages, Bedroom Suits
and Parlor Goods, and at Rock-bottom prices.

Special Low Prices to close out on Lamps
and Heating Stoves.

**HOAG
&
HOLMES.**

WE Are Offering some Great Bargains
In Shoes. While others are crying one-fourth and one-
half off, our prices are always far below.

24 pounds granulated sugar \$1.00
25 pounds brown sugar \$1.00
2 packages yeast cakes for 5 cents

Electric kerosene oil 7 cents per gallon.
Good roasted coffee 19 cents per pound.
Good New Orleans Molasses 25c per gal

Try our Black Cross Tea at 50c per lb., it is fine.

Bring us your butter and eggs, we will give you the highest
market price. Yours for Bargains,

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.
Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the
rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice.
Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10
Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

Shall We Have a Canning Factory?

At the present time there is considerable talk of establishing a canning factory in Chelsea, on the co-operative plan, which would virtually be run by the farmers themselves, who raise the vegetables and thus get profit on the canned goods as well as on their crops. With a canning factory located in Chelsea, it would be no uncommon thing for farmers in this vicinity to realize from \$35 to \$80 for their tomatoes grown upon one acre, and nearly as much for corn per acre. A canning factory plant equipped with modern labor-saving tools and apparatus can be secured through co-operative organization, on very easy terms and at small cost. It represents all a farming community requires for equipment. The land, tools, hands and agriculturists are already here. While it requires a certain degree of business ability for proper management of the business, there are a number of farmers and merchants in this community capable and able to successfully carry on the details of farmer's factory.

E. E. Shortt, representing the Baker Manufacturing Co., of Chicago, manufacturer of canning house machinery, is in the village this week, trying to interest our merchants and farmers in the matter, and we hope he will meet with substantial encouragement. As a factory of this kind would bring about \$75,000, into the neighborhood yearly.

New Election Law.

Previous to the last general election, by section 1 article 7 of the constitution of this State, in all elections, every male inhabitant who had resided in this State two years and six months, and who had declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States pursuant to the laws thereof, six months preceding an election, was an elector and entitled to vote. Provided, of course, he was above the age of twenty-one years, and had resided in the township or ward in which he offered to vote ten days preceding such election. This section was amended at the last general election, so that it now reads as follows. Every male inhabitant of foreign birth who having resided in this State two years and six months prior to the 8th day of November, 1894, and having declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States two years and six months prior to said last named day, shall be an elector and entitled to vote. The section was also amended by requiring that no one shall be an elector or entitled to vote at any election, unless he shall have resided in this State six months, and in the township or ward in which he offers to vote twenty days next preceding such election. In all other respects, section 1 of article 7 remains unchanged.

An examination of this section of the constitution, as amended, shows that there is not the slightest possible ground for doubt as to who are now electors and entitled to vote in this State. There is no room for construction, because the language is so plain and clear as to admit of no construction. This section as amended expressly, in terms, provides who shall be electors. It follows that those who do not come within one of the provisions of this section, are not qualified electors and cannot vote.

Excursions.

Prohibition Party State Convention. Lansing, Feb. 21. An excursion rate of one and one-third first class limited fare for the round trip. Date of sale, Feb. 20-21. Good to return until Feb. 22, 1895.

Republican State Convention, Detroit, Feb. 21, 1895. An excursion rate of one first-class limited fare for round trip. Date of sale, Feb. 20-21. Good to return Feb. 23, 1895.

The demand for mutton sheep for export is reported as very good, and the trade is in much better shape than it was a year ago. Shipments to Europe have been comparatively large since the first of the year, and prices have improved. This condition of the sheep trade furnishes a striking illustration of the influence of a good foreign demand for our products. Not only Great Britain but France is buying our sheep now and the difference in values between export sheep and the lighter weights can be attributed entirely to the competition of buyers for foreign countries in our market.

St. Valentine

Would be delighted if he could look for one moment, on the beautiful assortment of Valentines at the Bank Drug Store.

All Styles and All Prices.

And if the old Saint had caught cold in traveling this kind of weather he would certainly buy a good stock of PATENT MEDICINES at their CUT RATES, before his return. (See price-list.)

Try Our Teas.

Test and compare them with every thing you can buy, and you will be convinced that they are what we represent them to be, the choicest goods on the market.

Read Our Price-list.

And remember that these are simply samples of what we are doing at the Bank Drug Store. Every thing is on the bargain list.

34 pounds brown sugar for \$1.
All \$1 patent medicines from 58c to 75c.
A good tea dust at 8c per pound.
50 pounds sulphur for \$1.
Rich cream cheese 12 1/2c per pound.
All 50c patent medicines from 28c to 38c.
Our 19c coffee makes a rich, strong drink.

Pure Epsom salts 2c per lb.

24 lbs granulated sugar for \$1.
3 cans best tomatoes for 25c.
A first class lantern for 29c.
2 packages any yeast cakes for 5c.
9 sticks chicory for 10c.
Pure saltpetre 7c per lb.
7 cakes good laundry soap for 25c.
Fresh seedless Sultan raisins 5c per lb.
3 1/2 lbs fresh California Prunes for 25c.
Try our 25c fine cut.
Banner smoking tobacco 15c per lb.
25 boxes matches for 25c.

Lamp wicks 1c per yard.

Large cans peaches for sauce, 10c per can.
8 lbs broken rice for 25c.

Special molasses sale, 16c per gal.

All 25c patent medicines from 12c to 28c.

Strongest ammonia 3c per pint.

Ask our customers about our teas.

All pills and plasters 12c to 18c.

Glauber salts 2c per lb.

Good canned corn 5c per can.

Spirits camphor 35c per pint.

A good mince meat 5c per package.

A cup of best mustard for 5c.

Choicest honey in combs 15c per lb.

Tincture Arnica 30c per pint.

Our best molasses always please. Try it.

5 pounds crackers for 25c.

2 1/2 lb can baked beans for 10c.

Highest market price for eggs.

It pays to trade with

F. P. Glazier & Co.

24 Pounds
Granulated Sugar,
For \$1.00.

Oil 7c per gallon.

Plain White China Ware in
Stock for Decoration.

Please Call and Get Prices

GEO. BLAICH.

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

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WM. CASPARY.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA. MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session.

THE senate on the 4th passed the house bill for a national military park at Gettysburg. The bill retiring Justice Howell Jackson from the United States supreme court bench was favorably reported. In the house an omnibus bill for the payment of southern war claims to the amount of \$718,063 was defeated. Hawaiian correspondence submitted showed that Great Britain had not interfered with affairs of the republic. The appropriation bill providing \$21,805,526 for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, was reported.

In the senate on the 5th an exciting debate occurred between Senators Mitchell (Ore.) and Harris (Tenn.) over a report on sugar bounty claims. The District of Columbia appropriation bill was passed and the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was considered. In the house the debate on the administration's bill to authorize the issue of \$500,000,000 gold bonds for the purpose of retiring the legal tenders and treasury notes began. A bill was introduced which requires aliens expecting to emigrate to the United States, at least three months prior to embarkation, to apply to the United States diplomatic or consular representative resident nearest their place of residence for certificates of immigration.

On the 6th the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was taken up in the senate and would have been disposed of except for the item of \$500,000 for immediately beginning cable construction between the United States and Hawaii. The bill for a new post office building at Chicago was passed. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the administration's financial measure.

On the 7th the laying of a cable to Hawaii was further discussed in the senate, but no conclusion was reached and the item remains as a stumbling block to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The Indian appropriation bill (\$8,229,700) was reported and the nomination of Maj. Gen. John M. Schofield to be lieutenant general was confirmed. In the house the administration bill to authorize an issue of \$500,000,000 in gold bonds was defeated by a vote of 161 to 134.

In the senate on the 8th the president's message was read announcing a new loan of \$22,500,000, instead of \$100,000,000, as agreed upon. The Hawaiian cable amendment to the diplomatic and consular bill was then further discussed and the president's message giving Minister Willis' latest dispatches as to the sentences of death in Hawaii was presented. Senator Lodge (by request) introduced a bill to provide for the issue of \$1,200,000,000 worth of bonds payable in gold coin at 2 1/2 per cent interest, to run from ten to twenty-five years. In the house the president's message providing for a new issue of bonds was read; also a message on the Hawaiian question. The legislative appropriation bill was discussed.

DOMESTIC.

DR. STOVER, a physician of Wayland, Mo., was frozen to death near there while returning from a sick call.

The secretary of war sent to congress an abstract showing the militia force of the country to be 116,899, of whom 117,394 are privates and non-commissioned officers. The unorganized military force of the country numbers 9,582,806.

FATHER JAERT, of Wilmington, Del., was informed in a letter from Rome that the pope disapproves of priests riding bicycles.

FREDERICK MILLER, aged 40, and his son, aged 6, were burned to death in a fire at Pittsburgh, Pa., and a fireman was fatally injured.

MRS. OSCAR LAWRENCE, who had been long mourned as dead, was found living in a cave near Shelbyville, Ind.

It was said that 225 families, averaging five persons to a family, were threatened with starvation at Rendville, Perry county, O.

A PARTY of merry-makers was upset at Homeworth, O., by the breaking of a kingbolt and three were probably fatally hurt.

THE Colorado legislature passed a bill prohibiting the flying of any foreign flags in the state except over the buildings occupied by the different consuls.

THE southwestern states were visited by a blizzard which blocked traffic and hundreds of families were without fuel.

THE coal barge Van Zantford sunk off Saybrook, Conn., and two brothers named Wyncoop were drowned.

THE Minnesota legislature passed a bill making Lincoln's birthday a legal holiday.

A FIRE in the Union Pacific mine No. 1 at Hanna, Wyo., caused a loss of \$100,000 and threw 400 men out of work.

THE entire family of John Bock, consisting of himself, wife and four small children, were burned to death in their home near Omer, Mich.

ADVICES from Rutland, Vt., say that for the first time in seventy-five years Lake Champlain was frozen over its entire length. At White River the mercury registered 65 degrees below zero.

THE president approved the bill creating the rank of lieutenant general of the army and nominated Gen. John M. Schofield for the place.

MRS. M. E. NICHOLS, of Center Moriches, L. I., was arrested for swindling western men by advertising for a husband.

INTENSELY cold weather prevailed in New England and much suffering was reported, especially among seafaring people.

MRS. MARY FREEMAN and two daughters were arrested in Chicago for a conspiracy to defraud railroads for alleged personal injuries.

FRANK MOGAN, a tinner, and Charles Eagle and Phil Johnson, two youths, were fatally injured by the falling of a chimney during a fire at Rockville, Md.

EXTREME cold weather with high winds prevailed throughout the northwest.

DURING a saloon fire at Evansville, Ind., David Eastin, the proprietor of the place, and his bartender were burned to death.

OVER 200 oil wells in the McDonald field near Sistersville, Pa., were compelled to suspend operations on account of the severe cold weather.

THE Michigan populists in state convention at Greenville nominated R. B. Taylor, of Bay City, for justice of the supreme court, and George H. Smith, of Benzie, and V. J. Bowers, of Macomb, for university regents. Resolutions were adopted deprecating government bond issues and the enlargement of the privileges and powers of banks, and condemning the alleged attempt in congress to outlaw silver. The attitude of the administration upon financial questions was denounced as subversive of free government.

BITTERLY cold weather prevailed generally throughout Great Britain. For the first time in fourteen years the docks at Southampton were frozen over.

THE schooner T. B. Dickson, encased in ice, went ashore on the north coast of Martha's Vineyard and Capt. Joseph Bostwick, Mate Martin Lee and another sailor were found on board frozen to death.

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS damage was done to the Denison house at Indianapolis by fire.

A JOINT resolution passed the Oregon legislature for a constitutional amendment extending the elective franchise to women.

JOSEPH GRANT, 77 years old, a farmer of Richland township, Mich., shot his wife and then killed himself. Family trouble was the cause.

DON ERNESTO MARQUEZ, aged 30, and his brother, Enrique Marquez, aged 26, killed each other in New York in a quarrel over a woman.

INTENSELY cold weather prevailed in all sections of the country, interfering with business, and several persons were frozen to death.

THE big gingham mills of Walker a Rothmond in Philadelphia were totally destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

FOR stealing jam valued at six dollars August Young was found guilty at Sheffield, Mo., and sentenced to twelve years in the penitentiary.

THE wife and 13-year-old son of Rev. G. S. Gresham, a Baptist minister, were drowned in the Broad river by the sinking of a ferryboat at Fish Ferry, S. C.

JIM FRENCH and Slaughter Kid, the last of the Cook gang, were killed while trying to rob a store at Catonsville, I. T.

A BILL prohibiting prize fighting and all kinds of sparring exhibitions, public or private, passed the New York assembly.

MRS. JOSEPH CHOPERINSKI and her 7-year-old daughter Mary were burned to death at Priceburg, Pa.

ALL the sugar refineries in Philadelphia cut the price of refined sugars one-sixteenth of a cent.

AFTER an unsuccessful search lasting five hours, nine men who went to the relief of the men on the intake tunnel at Milwaukee were given up as lost.

MAYOR STRONG, of New York, accepted the resignations of all the Tammany officials.

EXCHANGES at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 9th aggregated \$979,305,040, against \$942,531,065 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 11.9.

SEVENTY-SIX men were killed and 233 fatally injured while mining coal in the Wyoming (Pa.) district last year.

THERE were 281 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 8th, against 354 the week previous and 385 in the corresponding time in 1894.

JABEZ WIGGINS, who murdered three persons in Georgia while resisting arrest, was hanged at Augusta.

THE home for friendless women at Cleveland, O., was destroyed by fire, and many of the inmates had narrow escapes from death.

EUGENE BYARS, a well-known detective who murdered his cousin, Sergt. Eugene Walker, of the United States army, at Behring Park January 6, 1894 was hanged at Birmingham, Ala.

MILLIONS of dollars' worth of orange and other fruit trees have been destroyed in Florida by the intensely cold weather.

NORTHERN and southern men were said to have combined to press French spoliation and war claims to the amount of \$1,000,000.

THE residence of Nels Hanson, a settler near Brainerd, Minn., was burned during the parent's absence and two children were cremated.

THE steamer Cyclone blew up in the St. Francis river at Forest City, Ark and eight persons were killed.

MARGARET COOK, who died at Columbus, O., was aboard Fulton's steamship Clermont when its initial trip was made in 1807.

FOUR men digging out a snow-bound train near Lucknow, Pa., were run down and killed by a belated express train.

INTENSELY cold weather still prevailed throughout the country and many persons in various localities were frozen to death.

J. K. CUMBERLAND, who killed James Robertson and his son Jasper, was hanged at Fort Madison, Ia.

A TIDAL wave swept the North Atlantic coast, carrying away hundreds of houses and causing great loss of life.

UNITED STATES officers discovered that Italians had flooded the coke regions of Pennsylvania with bogus money.

NINE fires in one day in Newark, N. J., caused a total loss of \$125,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

CHARLES C. SKINNER, one of the best known inventors in America, died at his home in Long Prairie, Minn., at the age of 63.

CHARLES W. COPELAND, one of the best known marine and mechanical engineers in this country, died in Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 80 years.

HOWELL OSBORN, noted the world over for his profligacy, died in New York, aged 26 years. He was the reputed husband of Fay Templeton.

ALEXANDER KENNEDY, 94 years old, said to be the oldest man in east Tennessee, died at his home in Blount county. He was the father of twenty-six children.

MISS ELLEN SPENCER, who lacked only a few days of being 100 years old, died at Jacksonville, Ill.

JOHN TRUMBULL, who was the first manufacturer of silks in the United States, died at Caledonia, Wis., aged 79 years.

GEORGE W. VAN HORNE, editor of the News-Tribune and postmaster at Muscatine, Ia., died at the age of 61 years.

MISS BETTY McELROY celebrated her 100th birthday at her home in Somerville, N. J.

MRS. EMMA McSHANE, who died at Leavenworth, Ind., aged 73, was the survivor of eleven husbands, two of whom were killed in war.

JOHN LEAVITT STEVENS, minister from the United States to Hawaii under President Harrison, died at his home in Augusta, Me., aged 74 years.

FOREIGN.

THE British parliament met at London and listened to the reading of the speech from the throne.

QUEEN LILLIUOKalani formally abdicated the throne of Hawaii in favor of the republic and sought mercy.

SEVEN miners were killed by an explosion in a colliery at Radstock, England.

IN a battle at Wei-Hai-Wei the Chinese ironclads Chen Yuen and Ting Yuen were sunk and the other vessels of the fleet disabled.

THE Mexican congress convened in special session in the City of Mexico.

MESSRS. GULICK and Seward, ex-ministers of the Hawaiian monarchy, and Mr. Rickard an Englishman, were sentenced to death for complicity in the recent Hawaiian revolution, and T. B. Walker, formerly of the United States army, was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

TEN men, all the crew of the British brig Nelson, were drowned by the wrecking of that vessel on the rocks off Douglass, Isle of Man.

OWING to the intense anti-foreign feeling in the Shan Tung peninsula American missionaries were fleeing for safety.

LATER.

By a vote of 33 to 25 the United States senate decided on the 9th to lay a cable to Hawaii and appropriated \$500,000 to begin the work. The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was passed and eulogies on the late Senator Stockbridge were delivered.

In the house it was voted to place individual clerks of members on the annual salary roll at the rate of \$100 per month. The legislative appropriation bill was further discussed and an attempt to strike out the appropriation for the civil service commission was defeated.

FIFTEEN firms were burned out by a fire in Ottawa, Kan., the losses aggregating \$100,000.

It was reported at Honolulu that an American protectorate would be declared over Hawaii when the political conspiracy had been disposed of.

W. J. EDWARDS rode a mile on a bicycle at Livermore, Cal, in 1:34 1/2, a new world's record.

THE schooner Clara F. Friend, of Gloucester, Mass., was wrecked near Liverpool, N. S., and her crew of fifteen men were drowned.

THE Crescent tobacco warehouse and a woodenware factory were burned at Louisville, Ky., the loss being \$175,000.

LIFE savers succeeded in rescuing two of the crew of the schooner Louis V. Place, ashore at Point of Woods, N. Y. The other seven were drowned or frozen to death.

TWO COLORED women, Sarah Jackson and Bettie Fishback were convicted of vagrancy at Georgetown, Ky., and sold into slavery for the period of six months.

JAMES GRAYBEAL was convicted at La Porte, Ind., of killing William Jones and his punishment fixed at thirteen years' imprisonment.

DISTRESS in the mining regions of Ohio was said to be increasing, and hundreds of men, women and children were threatened with starvation.

FOR the first time in thirty years the Delaware river between Philadelphia and Camden was frozen solid from shore to shore.

CHINA telegraphed to her peace envoys full powers to act in the negotiations with Japan for a settlement of the war.

TWELVE oyster sloops were wrecked and from twenty to thirty lives lost in the Chesapeake during a blizzard.

THE Union station at St. Joseph, Mo., completed in May, 1892, and which was used by all the railroads entering the city, was laid in ruins by fire, the loss being \$400,000.

Alone.
Since she went home—
Longer the evening shadows linger here,
The winter days fill so much of the year,
And even summer winds are chill and drear,
Since she went home.

Since she went home—
The robin's note has touched a minor strain.
The old glad songs breathe a sad refrain,
And laughter sobs with hidden, bitter pain,
Since she went home.

Since she went home—
How still the empty rooms her presence blessed;
Untouched the pillow that her dear head pressed;
My lonely heart hath nowhere for its rest,
Since she went home.

Since she went home—
The long, long days have crept away like years,
The sunlight has been dimmed with doubts and fears,
And the dark nights have rained in lonely tears.

Since she went home.
—R. J. Burdette, in Ladies' Home Journal.

BACK WITH RICH TROPHIES.

Last spring notice was made in these columns that Mr. Henry A. Salzer, of the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., America's leading Seed Growers and Merchants, was in Europe in search of rare seeds and novelties for the American farmer and citizen.

Judging from their new catalogue, his trip was an eminently successful one. It is brim full of rare things. Of especial merit we name the Bismarck Apple, bearing the second year; the Giant Flowering Star Phlox, the German Coffee Berry; and for the farmer the Victoria Rape, Germanica Vetch, the Lathyrus silvestris, the Giant Spurry and Giant Incarnate Clover; Sacaline, and dozens of other rare things.

This wide-awake firm is in the van, and their catalogue, which is sent you for 5 cents postage, would be cheap at \$1 per copy.

Dr. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS

CURE
SICK HEADACHE,
BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
POOR APPETITE,
and all derangements of the
Stomach, Liver and Bowels.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

ONCE USED
ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

YOUNG SPIRITS,
a vigorous body and robust strength follow good health. But all fail when the vital powers are weakened. Nervous debility and loss of manly power result from bad habits, contracted by the young through ignorance of their ruinous consequences. Low spirits, melancholia, impaired memory, morose or irritable temper, fear of impending calamity and a thousand and one derangements of body and mind, result from such pernicious practices. All these are permanently cured by improved methods of treatment without the patient leaving home.

A medical treatise written in plain but chaste language, treating of the nature, symptoms and curability of such diseases, sent securely sealed in a plain envelope, on receipt of this notice, with 10 cents in stamps, for postage. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE BEST ROOFING
SAMPLES
AND FULL PARTICULARS
FREE.
WRITE ...
F. W. BIRD & SON,
SOLE MAKERS
East Walpole, MASS.

FOR Roofs, Sides and Walls, for Houses, Barns, Greenhouses, Hotbeds, Haystacks, Wagon Covers, etc. They cost very much less than shingles and wear for years. They are absolutely Water-proof, Frost-proof, Snow-proof and Vermin-proof. Nails and Tin Caps with each roll of Red Rope Roofing.

LOOK FOR THE LITTLE GIRL
On All Genuine "NEPONSET."

NEPONSET WATERPROOF FABRICS.

Consumption
was formerly pronounced incurable. Now it is not. In all of the early stages of the disease

Scott's Emulsion

will effect a cure quicker than any other known specific. Scott's Emulsion promotes the making of healthy lung-tissue, relieves inflammation, overcomes the excessive waste of the disease and gives vital strength.

For Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Consumption, Scorfula, Anemia, Loss of Flesh and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Buy only the genuine with our trademark on salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

Rev. Dr. Parker

Is the beloved pastor of the Universalist church at Fargo, N. D., and has also been a pastor in Providence, R. I., New York City and Troy, N. Y. He says:

"I regard Hood's Sarsaparilla the best blood purifier, and I have good reason for this opinion. I am now 80 years of age. Four years ago I was afflicted with rheumatism in my back and limbs, so badly that it was impossible for me to get my usual sleep at night. I had just partially recovered from the grip, which reduced my weight 40 lbs. My Rev. J. N. Parker, D. D. appetite was poor and I felt languid and weak. In fact I was in a very dilapidated condition. Having heard and read so much about the wonderful cures produced by Hood's Sarsaparilla I resolved to give it a trial. I followed the directions, and before the fifth bottle was finished my appetite was restored, I felt invigorated and strong. My rheumatic difficulty had entirely disappeared. I cannot but think very highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla." J. N. PARKER. Be sure to get Hood's.



Rev. J. N. Parker, D. D. Fargo, N. D.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

fore the fifth bottle was finished my appetite was restored, I felt invigorated and strong. My rheumatic difficulty had entirely disappeared. I cannot but think very highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla." J. N. PARKER. Be sure to get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure

DIRECTIONS for using CREAM BALM.—Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

FLORIDA and the SUNNY SOUTH VIA BIG FOUR ROUTE.

BEST LINE FROM Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Indianapolis, Cleveland, Columbus, Sandusky, Benton Harbor, and intermediate points.

TO CINCINNATI, Where DIRECT CONNECTIONS are made with Solid Trains with Through Sleeping Cars of the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry., Queen & Crescent Route, and Louisville & Nashville Ry.

TO RICHMOND, OLD POINT COMFORT, And all points in the Virginias and Carolinas, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, and all points in Florida, NEW ORLEANS, and all principal Southern Cities.

Through Palace Sleeping Cars between ST. LOUIS and WASHINGTON, Via Big Four and C. & O. Routes.

TOURIST RATES IN EFFECT.

E. O. McCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN, Passenger Traffic Manager. Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agt. CINCINNATI.

POTATOES \$2.50 a Bbl.

Largest growers of POTATOES for Seed in America. The "Rural New Yorker" gives one of our early sorts a yield of 749 bushels per acre. Prices dirt cheap. Our great seed book, 144 pages, and sample 14-day trial for 60 cents. JOHN A. SALKER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

THE BEST ROOFING

SAMPLES AND FULL PARTICULARS FREE.

WRITE ... F. W. BIRD & SON, SOLE MAKERS East Walpole, MASS.

FOR Roofs, Sides and Walls, for Houses, Barns, Greenhouses, Hotbeds, Haystacks, Wagon Covers, etc. They cost very much less than shingles and wear for years. They are absolutely Water-proof, Frost-proof, Snow-proof and Vermin-proof. Nails and Tin Caps with each roll of Red Rope Roofing.

LOOK FOR THE LITTLE GIRL On All Genuine "NEPONSET."

NEPONSET WATERPROOF FABRICS.

Consumption was formerly pronounced incurable. Now it is not. In all of the early stages of the disease

Scott's Emulsion

will effect a cure quicker than any other known specific. Scott's Emulsion promotes the making of healthy lung-tissue, relieves inflammation, overcomes the excessive waste of the disease and gives vital strength.

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O maiden, with the eyes of blue
And shining golden hair,
What is the gift you bend to view
And clasp with loving care?
Upon your cheeks the blushes play,
Your eyes like sapphires shine,
As looking up you bless the day
Of good Saint Valentine.

Oh queenly maid, with eyes of night
And hair like raven's wing,
What is the gift you hold so tight,
That dainty, perfumed thing?
And what the laughing words you say
With lips like ruby wine?
While in your heart you bless the day
Of good Saint Valentine.

Oh gentle maid, with eyes of brown
And curls of chestnut hair—
That form a mantle or a crown,
Whichever you choose to wear—
What do the simple verses say
Among the flowers that twine?
That you should kneel to bless the day
Of good Saint Valentine.

Oh happy maidens, fair and sweet,
The gift to each is dear
That Cupid brings on pinions fleet
When love is waiting near.
And, as you hide it safe away,
To each will seem divine
The joy that came upon this day
Of good Saint Valentine.

—Ruth Raymond, In Once a Week.

A BUFFALO-GRASS VALENTINE.



WHATEVER other accomplishments or characteristics Simon Early may have possessed his predominant qualities were excessive bashfulness and a very slender form, set off by a pale, lemon-colored strip of fuzz on his upper lip. He was in the employ of Messrs. Hoof & Tallow, of Windy City, a frontier town noted for its briskness and its numerous cyclones, which, it was declared, turned the inhabitants over as often as a setting hen is said to turn her eggs over. It was seldom, however, that any fatalities had to be reported, though many complaints of being "shucked up right smart" might have been heard on various sides.

Messrs. Hoof & Tallow plied a thrifty business in buying up and shipping out hides, bones, etc., products made abundant by the cyclone, the blizzard and the great, gaunt prairie wolves.

Simon was fresh from the rural districts around Star Valley, Kan., from which it was rumored that his folks had been driven by force of dry weather and chinch-bugs. A few of their former acquaintances, however, declared that the tall, thin-visaged being known as Simon's father had been actuated in quitting his old place of abode more on account of the enforcement of the prohibitory law than for any other reason, and had come to live among cowboys and buffalo grass, where more freedom of conscience was permitted.

Be that as it may, the elder Early had removed his family and belongings to the more unrestricted town of Windy City, where the diffident Simon had secured a position in his Uncle Hoof's establishment.

In order to help Simon scrape off some of the bashfulness for which he was renowned his considerate uncle and Mr. Tallow frequently sent him across the hills and hollows of buffalo grass to outlying farmers and ranchers to bargain for fresh supplies of hides, bones, and anything in their line.

It was St. Valentine's day, mild and pleasant. But the good and much-enduring citizens of Windy City were not an almanac-reading people, and it is doubtful if more than a half-dozen of them could have told you why the 14th of February was such a popular day with young folks.

Simon was one of that half-dozen. He knew what Valentine's day meant, and it had been his intention to answer an advertisement in a newspaper where he had read that two fancy, lace-trimmed expressions of a lover's feelings might be purchased for five cents. He didn't care for the money, and, much as he would have liked sending both of them to a certain maiden over on Tar creek, he lacked even the courage to write the manufacturers what he wanted. They didn't keep valentines for sale at any of the stores in Windy City. But shutting whatever regrets or longings he might have closely in his heart, Simon mounted his broncho and rode away across the prairie to engage hides and bones for the firm.

He blushed to himself as he thought how much pleasanter it would be to engage that certain maiden in conversation, if he only dared do it.

An unusually early blizzard had swept along Tar creek, killing a great deal of stock for the ranchers. This enabled the youth to reap a rich harvest in the peculiar wares of the firm.

Having bargained with some fellows engaged in the bone-picking business to deliver at an early day, Simon started toward home, directing his broncho by a cattle path that passed the ranch of old Sandhill Hyde, one of the first comers to Tar creek. The old rancher, jovial and grizzled, caught sight of Simon and hailed him.

"Hullo, Sime! Ride in an' lite. It's near hash time, an' ef yer not erbove breakin' an' eatin' corn-dodger an' taters with ole San'hill an' his gals, jes' take yer lean carcass off the critter an' kem in. Ther women folks'd be plumb tickled ter hev yer stop."

"I'm much obliged to you, Mr. Hyde," returned Simon, halting before the old rancher, and only a few feet from the door of the cabin, "but I must be gettin' back."

"Yer hain't goin' to do no sech thing, Sime. Git right off, I say," insisted old Sandhill.

"I can't, Mr. Hyde," stammered Simon, blushing as red as a Kansas sunset, and bowing nervously to the six buxom daughters of Sandhill, who, hearing voices outside, had rushed to the door to learn who had arrived. So great was the shock to Simon, when he beheld those six black-eyed, rosy-cheeked creatures gazing at him, that he really felt faint. His backbone was as limp as a piece of wet cheese-cloth.

Several times before he had met Sandhill's six girls, and at three or four "gum-chaws" on Tar creek that winter he had actually had the courage to play with one of them. In fact, that one was the certain maiden Simon had thought of when he read about the two valentines for five cents. A cowboy friend was responsible for initiating the diffident youth into the mysteries of those frontier play parties, and although the dark orbs of Alzomy Hyde had almost unhinged his nervous system, he had somehow managed to play several games with her.

He had not seen Alzomy since the New Year's party at Thad Miller's, and now the sight of her in all her strong beauty set wild emotions capering in his breast, and he resolved to fly as speedily as he could tear himself away from Old Sandhill. Then he suddenly

"em," was Sandhill's answer, winking facetiously at his better half.

"How many have you?" asked the hide buyer, growing more and more uneasy under the quizzical treatment of the old rancher.

"Six, all mighty well kep'," with an expansive grin.

"I'd like to see them right away," answered Simon, fidgeting nervously with his bridle rein. "I got to be gettin' back."

"All right, Sime," and pointing to his six giggling girls, Old Sandhill continued: "Thar, Sime, is my Hydes, an' I low yer won't strike er finer lot in this whole blame kentry. I didn't spect er slim hairpin like yer would want 'em all, but ef yer do, take every hooter of 'em, an' may bufferlo grass an' bones save yer!"

The face of the timid hide buyer was painful to behold. He tried to urge his broncho away, but he was powerless to speak or move. The girls, unable longer to repress their risibilities, joined their parents in laughter.

"Waal, Sime," the old rancher went on, choking back another roar of mirth, "seein' as yer kin' o' morose about ther matter, I'll throw in ther ole woman ter boot!"

That was too much. With a shock Simon recovered his power of motion, prodded his broncho sharply, and started away from the scene of his torture. Then Old Sandhill lifted up his voice and called to a cowboy at the stable:

"Limber Bob, fling yer carcass onter Florence an' capture thet Windy City galoot for me!"

The words were scarcely uttered when a swift clatter of hoofs was heard, and a cloud of dust from the dry road announced that Limber Bob was on Simon's trail.

"Old Sandhill orders yer back, Simey," yelled the pursuer. "So yer best mosey erlong back ter ther ranch with me an' sorter save funeral expenses."

Covered with Limber Bob's unfailing six-shooter, Simon was fain to ride back to where Old Sandhill waited for them.

"That's er nice way ter treat a feller when he's tryin' ter help yer out on Valentine's day, hain't it?" Old Sandhill greeted the shame-faced Simon. "Now, see hyer, Sime! yer jes' naterally got yerself implicated with my family, an' I aim ter hev satisfaction. Didn't yer kiss my Alzomy at that gum chaw at Thad's?"

Utterly wilted in his saddle, Simon



"I CAN'T GET OFF TO-DAY."

remembered that his employers had commissioned him to call that very day at Rancher Hyde's. Despite the fact that it was agony to talk business with those six girls standing in the doorway, Simon made a heroic effort and stammered out:

"I can't get off to-day, but I wanted to see you on a little business."

"All right, Sime. Wot kin I do fur yer?" encouraged Old Sandhill.

"Have you any hides?" asked Simon, very red in the face, "I want what you have if you can spare 'em."

A peculiar twinkle came into the old rancher's eyes, and raising his lusty voice, he called:

"Sary Lib, kem hyer!"

"Wot yer want?" demanded a fleshy, middle-aged woman, pushing the girls good-naturedly out of the door and taking possession of the space herself.

"Hyer's this Windy City hairpin wantin' ter know ef we hev any hides ter spare," he informed his smiling spouse.

"Waal, I low we hev," she returned, nodding pleasantly to the envious Simon, her smile broadening as she scented one of Sandhill's characteristic jokes.

"Waal, Sime, yer hear wot Sary Lib hev tersay, so as fur as I'm consarned yer kin hev every hide I've got ef yer want

could answer nothing. Retreat was impossible. Limber Bob stood guard with his six-shooter.

"Didn't yer, eh?" Old Sandhill insisted of his captive.

"Yes," Simon managed to stammer, at last, "but I—I—couldn't help it."

"How many times did this dude kiss yer, Alzomy, over ther gum-chaw at Thad's?" he asked his daughter.

"Oh, pap! hursh up!" Alzomy replied, taking refuge behind her mother.

"How many times, Biney?" he appealed to another.

"Didn't count 'em," Biney returned with a simper.

"I 'peal ter yer, Sime, seein' the gals won't tell. Now own up how many times yer smacked my gal. Shoot him on ther spot, Bob, if he don't own up honorable like," commanded Sandhill.

"Three times," came feebly from the poor hide-agent.

"Three times! Great taters! Why, young feller, yer wuss comperated with my Alzomy than I spected. But I'm jes' goin' ter give yer er chance ter crawl outen ther compercation as respectable like as yer kin. Yer like Alzomy, don't yer, Sime?"

"Yes," was the response.

"Yer like Sime, too, Alzomy?"

"Hursh; pap!"

"Speak up, gal. Le's hev no foolin'," urged her father.

"Well, yes, then," she returned, hiding her burning face against her mother's ample shoulder.

"Thet settles ther whole business," announced Old Sandhill, with a broad smile of satisfaction. "Do yer know, Sime, wot dat this hyer is?"

"The fourteenth," Simon answered promptly, his bashfulness evidently subsiding.

"Of course it is, yer scant hairpin, an' when I was a young feller it was a great day fur ther young folks ter mate off, like ther birds in ther woods. Don't yer remember yer Valentine, Sary Lib?" he asked, looking affectionately at his wife.

"Yes, 'twas yerself, Sandhill," she answered, a tender light stealing into her eyes.

"An' I'm yours yit an' always. An' jes so, Sime, yer my Alzomy's valentine, and she's your'n! Ther rest of yer go in the cabin, an' let Alzomy ask Sime ter tie up and git over his rush."

Limber Bob did not have to ride Simon down the second time.—Ad H. Gibson, in National Tribune.

A JAPANESE STORY.

Told by a Native of Japan to an Audience in Rochester.

Yeataso Okano, a Japanese, tells the following story:

"Once upon a time there lived in a little hamlet in Japan a young couple. They had one child, a beautiful little girl, whom both loved very dearly. It came to pass while the child was still a baby girl that the father was obliged to take a long journey to the far-distant city. It was too far for him to take his wife and child, so he left them at home and traveled alone.

"In that great city he saw many new things which, having lived in the peaceful little hamlet up among the mountains all his life, he had never seen before. He desired to take home to his wife some of these new things which seemed to him so wonderful. And the most wonderful gift he could take, it seemed to him, was a mirror. He wished to take home to his wife the pleasure and surprise he had experienced when he first looked into a mirror. So he took one home to his wife.

"When he arrived home he gave the present to his wife, and for the first time she looked into a mirror. 'What do you see?' her husband asked. She replied: 'I declare! I see a very pretty woman. She wears her hair just as I do mine, and she smiles and moves her lips as if she were talking to me.' Her husband told her that the mirror was a present for her and he hoped she would use it every day. But the wife thought it far too beautiful and rare and costly a gift to use every day; so she put it carefully away and never spoke about it to the little daughter, who grew more beautiful and more like her mother every day.

"By and by a great misfortune fell upon that little household. The wife and mother fell sick and it was soon evident that she must die. As she lay upon her deathbed she called her little daughter to her and told her that she was going to lose her mother forever. She could point to no future life after death, in which they should be reunited. But in the love and simplicity of her heart she did the best she could, she told her little daughter about the wonderful mirror. 'After I am dead,' she said, 'take down that box and look into the mirror that it contains. There you will see my face. And I want you to look into the mirror every day, that you may never forget your mother and that you may grow like me, more and more, every day.'

"So the mother died. The little girl did as she had been told, and in the wonderful mirror she thought she saw her mother's face, young and beautiful, not as she had been, pale and ill as she lay dying, but fair and fresh as she had looked before the fatal illness. And the little girl looked into the mirror every day, and thought of her mother and her many lovely ways, and so it came about that she grew to be more and more like her mother as the years went by."—Rochester Post Express.

She Who Reads.

A choice was given me to-day
Twixt maidens sweet for me to say
Which I should take and hold for mine,
To be for aye my valentine.
Did I linger long 'tween fear and doubt?
No! I straightway solved the question out,
And stretched my eager hand and chose—
Ah! She who reads this only knows.
—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Allowable.
She is not jealous; yet she wished to know
If any valentines I had received
This year save hers; and when I answered no,
Although I blushed, I knew that she believed.
I lied of course; but why should I regale her
About the little one sent by my tailor?
—Judge.

The Comic Valentine.
Saint Valentine! They call him saint!
Yet when you get a dab of paint
Of horrid shape and frightful face,
With verses set to suit your case,
You mingle with your wild complaint
The question why they call him saint.
—Detroit Free Press.

A Natural Question.
Miss Autumn—Isn't this a pretty valentine I got?
Miss Caustique—Yes, very. What year did you receive it?—Judge.

—Trotter—"Going to send out any valentines this year?" Cholly—"Yaas; I think I will send all the girls I know my photo." Trotter—"Why, Cholly, it is very bad form to send out comic valentines."—Harper's Bazar.

FOR ELECTION INSPECTORS.

An Important Decision Relative to the Qualifications of Electors.

The following decision of the attorney general of Michigan was made in response to inquiries as to the construction to be put upon the constitutional amendment "relative to the qualifications of electors," which was adopted last fall. The decision is published by the secretary of state for the benefit of whom it may concern:

Previous to the last general election, by section 1 article 7 of the constitution of this state, in all elections, every male inhabitant who had resided in this state two years and six months, and who had declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States pursuant to the laws thereof, six months preceding an election, was an elector and entitled to vote; provided, of course, he was above the age of twenty-one years, and had resided in the township or ward in which he offered to vote ten days preceding such election. This section was amended at the last general election, so that it now reads as follows: "Every male inhabitant of foreign birth who, having resided in this state two years and six months prior to the 8th day of November, 1894, and having declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States two years and six months prior to the said last-named day, shall be an elector and entitled to vote." The section was also amended by requiring that no one shall be an elector or entitled to vote at any election unless he shall have resided in this state six months, and in the township or ward in which he offers to vote twenty days next preceding such election. In all other respects, section 1 of article 7 remains unchanged.

An examination of this section of the constitution, as amended, shows that there is not the slightest possible ground for doubt as to who are now electors and entitled to vote in this state. There is no room for construction, because the language is so plain and clear as to admit of no construction. This section as amended expressly, in terms, provides who shall be electors. It follows that those who do not come within one of the provisions of this section, are not qualified electors and cannot vote.

There is but one question that has been presented in the many letters which I have received on this subject, and that is as to how this section of the constitution, as amended, affects male inhabitants of foreign birth in this state. The question is asked: "Must a foreigner become a full American citizen before he can vote in this state," and second, "if so, does this affect male inhabitants of foreign birth, who, before this section was amended, may have been electors?" In other words, are any foreigners by this section as amended, disfranchised? My answer to this question is this: No male inhabitant of foreign birth now residing in this state, can vote at any election held in this state, until he shall become a citizen of the United States; and a male inhabitant of foreign birth, who may have been a qualified elector last November, cannot vote next spring, unless he shall be, by that time, a citizen of the United States. Provide, of course, that he does not come within the express constitutional exception, viz.: A residence of two years and six months prior to the 8th day of November, 1894, and his having made a declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States two years and six months prior to said last named date. In such a case, of course, such an inhabitant of foreign birth can continue to vote.

Before this amendment all that was required of a foreigner who came to this state was a residence therein of two years and a half, and a declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States six months preceding an election. So that, for example, any foreigner who has come to this state to live, two years and six months preceding the last general election in November, and had declared his intention of becoming a citizen six months preceding said election, became thereby a qualified elector; but now, by reason of the amendment, all this is changed, and such a person is no longer an elector—he can no longer vote, nor can any other foreigner vote in this state who has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States two years and six months preceding the 8th day of November, 1894. It by no means follows that he is permanently disfranchised; he simply must wait until he becomes a citizen of the United States, and then he can again vote.

As is well known, a foreigner can become a full American citizen, other conditions being complied with, by actually residing within the United States at least five years.

This amendment is as simple and clear as possible. It simply establishes as the constitutional condition precedent to the enjoyment of the elective franchise, that a foreign-born inhabitant shall wait until he becomes a full American citizen before he shall be allowed the privilege of voting in this state. While many seem to understand this and have no difficulty in reaching this conclusion, they inquire: "Is it possible that this amendment can be made to relate back and compel male inhabitants of foreign birth who have once voted in this state to give up that privilege, and not vote again until they become full American citizens?—is not this in the nature of an ex post facto or retroactive law?" My answer is: There are no limitations upon the power of the people to amend or revise their constitution, in any way or at any time they so determine, except as that power is limited by the constitution of the United States.

The people of the state have the absolute legal right to determine for themselves the qualifications of electors, and to determine what they shall place in their organic law. The rule is settled, that the people, when called upon to vote upon a proposed amendment to their constitution, are not obliged, like legislative bodies, to look carefully to the preservation of vested rights; they have the absolute power to determine what principles are best calculated to produce good government, to promote the public welfare, and to secure the safety of the state. But there is nothing in the shape of vested rights secured by constitutional enactment, relative to the elective franchise. Participation in the elective franchise is a privilege, rather than a right; and it is granted or denied, on the grounds of public policy.

As I have already said, except as limited by the national constitution, the whole subject of the regulation of elections, including the prescribing of qualifications for suffrage, is left to the several states. The people declare in their state constitutions who shall be qualified electors, but the power to amend or revise their constitutions still remains in the great body of the people as an organized body politic, who, being vested with ultimate sovereignty and the source of all state authority, have power to amend, at will, the constitution which they have made. The people have the power, and it is for them to determine when and under what circumstances they will exercise it.

In this case the people of the state of Michigan, by an overwhelming majority, have determined who shall be qualified electors. They have placed their decree in the constitution of the state, and from that decree there is no appeal, and there it must stand as the supreme law, to be obeyed by all.

FRED A. MAYNARD, Attorney General.

Alton A. Mizener, of Coldwater, was married February 11, 1894. On February 11, 1895, he will be tried in the Branch county circuit court for the murder of James Robinson.

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Are prepared and anxious to
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The Leading Merchant Tailor, has entered upon his 12th year in this line in Chelsea.

And being in touch with the new tariff, offers you some astonishing bargains in Imported Woolens, which he has just received from the Bonded Warehouse, also in Domestic Woolens.

Suits to your order from \$15.00 up. Former price \$20.00 to \$22.00.
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Chelsea Herald.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Washingtons birthday one week from Friday.

Sheriff Judson of Ann Arbor was in town on Wednesday.

Born, Feb. 13, 1895 to Mr and Mrs. Owen Murphy, a son.

Not since 1883 have we experienced a winter so cold as this.

Jack Frost visited a number of cellars in this village the past week.

Born, Sunday Feb. 10, 1895 to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seeger, a daughter.

Matt Schwikerath has the contract for building a barn for Geo. Miller.

The donation at the Baptist church last Tuesday evening netted over \$50.00.

Dr. G. W. Palmer now has his office and residence connected by telephone.

Special teachers' examination at the court house, Ann Arbor, Feb. 15 and 16.

Wm. Luick who has been on the sick list for the past few weeks is not much improved.

Stockbridge has purchased twelve chemical fire extinguishers, and distributed them about the village.

C. W. Maroney has the contract for building a new house for Geo. Lehman to replace the one recently consumed by fire.

Gov. Rich has designated the regular spring election day, the first Monday in April, as a day on which to elect a successor to the late Senator John W. Watts of this district.

The ladies of the L. O. T. M. of Chelsea will give a Lady Washington Tea Party at the Town Hall Friday evening Feb. 22. Consisting of supper, program and costume in keeping with days of yore, all for 15cts. Supper served from 5 to 8. Come one, Come all.

When the breeze dies out take to the oar, when business languishes push it. The best advertising does not consist of wind alone. It has strength and power. It will propel your craft into the harbor of prosperity against adverse tides and over dangerous shoals.—Ex.

A recent ruling of the postoffice department makes a merchant who sends out circulars which contain over quotations of the market liable to punishment for misuse of the mails. It is taken for granted that such circulars are intended to mislead and to obtain money under false pretenses. The practice has become very common, but the department means to put a stop to it, and serves warning that the law will be strictly enforced.

The following named persons attended the county convention at Ann Arbor last Tuesday as delegates from Sylvan: M. J. Noyes, J. L. Gilbert, A. W. Wilkinson, A. Steger, R. S. Armstrong, Chas. Steinbach, G. Grau, B. Parker, Ralph Pierce, Fred Wedemeyer, C. M. Davis and Dr. J. C. Twitchell. W. W. Wedemeyer was nominated for county school commissioner. Geo. H. Kempf was chosen as delegate to state convention from this township.

Last Monday morning when the janitor of St Mary's church opened the door he was unable to see for the volume of smoke that came pouring out. Aid was summoned, and as soon as the smoke had cleared away it was found that the room containing the vestments was on fire. The men soon had the fire extinguished when it was found that about \$2,000 worth of vestments had been destroyed. Had the fire not been discovered at the time it was, the entire edifice would have been destroyed. The loss is covered by insurance.

The supreme court of Michigan has amended its opinion regarding distinguishing marks on ballots in elections. It is now held that where a candidate is on two tickets for the same office, and the voter places a cross before such candidate on both tickets, the ballot should be counted. Finally, when the voter places a mark before the name of every candidate on his ticket, and erases the names on all opposing tickets, such ballot should be counted. This ruling prevailed in three elections by virtue of circulars of instructions sent out by the state department, and based on opinions issued by the attorney general.

Talking with one of our bean growers the other day we were surprised to learn that the most of the beans consumed in this country are raised in Michigan, New York and Canada. Some are coming from California, and the output in that state is increasing. This country does not raise enough for home consumption. We import beans every year from Europe. New England is the largest consumer of them in proportion to population, but the consumption is general in all parts of the country. Owing to their nitrogenous properties they are a splendid article of food. We don't begin to eat as many as do the people of Europe. Production there is enormous. Cheaper than here, the consumption is immense.

February Crop Report.

Cold weather prevailed during the month of January. Snow fell in the early part of the month in sufficient amount to afford good protection to the wheat plant. The average depth of snow in the lower peninsula on the 15th was about eight inches, and at the end of the month there had been no reduction. In reply to the question, "Has wheat during January suffered injury from any cause?" 193 correspondents in the southern counties answer "yes," and 265 "no;" in the central counties, 84 answer "yes," and 143 "no," and in the northern counties, 8 answer "yes," and 90 "no."

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in January, is 1,061,888. and in the six months, August—January, 7,296,941, which is 1,952,971 bushels less than reported marketed in the same months last year. At twenty elevators and mills from which reports have been received, there was no wheat marketed during the month.

The condition of live stock averages from 93 to 97 per cent, comparison being with stock in good healthy and thrifty condition.

WASHINGTON GARDNER
Secretary of State

Karl's Clover Root will purify your Blood, clear your Complexion, regulate your Bowels and makes your head clear as a bell. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

New Game Law.

The state fish and game league completed its labors last week, and many changes were made in the proposed law.

The game bill as finally agreed upon makes the uniform deer season from October 15 to November 10, no person to kill only two deer. Rabbit killing is permitted at all times, but squirrels can be killed only from September 1 to November 30. Spring shooting of migratory ducks is permitted. The open season for snipe and woodcock is from August 1 to November 30, and for quail and partridge from October 15 to November 30. The sale of quail, partridge and woodcock is prohibited. The league recommends that non-resident hunters be charged a license fee of \$25.

The fish bill makes the open season for trout from May 1 to September 1, and prohibits the use of seines and nets in all inland waters, including St. Mary's river, Lake St Clair and Detroit river. Fishing through the ice is prohibited, as is spearing at any time. The closed season for bass is fixed at from November 15 to June 1. No trout less than six inches long are to be taken, and all under this size are to be bandied as carefully as possible and put back in the water. No fishing is to be done within 100 feet of a fish chute, and fish in inland waters are to be taken only with hook and line.

For Sale.

We have a quantity of live geese and duck feathers for sale. Will sell by the pound or in large quantities if desired.
C. J. CHANDLER & Co.

Unadilla Items.

Frank May visited friends in Pinckney last week.

Fred Douglas, of Ionia, visited friends here last week.

There was a donation held for Rev. Marsh last Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Sharp and son, of Stockbridge, visited A. J. May last Thursday.

There was a social gathering at S. G. Palmers last Wednesday evening.

There was a business meeting held at the Presbyterian Church last Tuesday for the purpose of electing new officers.

After a lingering illness, William Mills, aged 28 years, passed away last Thursday, Feb. 7, 1895. He has been a resident of Unadilla all his life, and was respected by all who knew him. He leaves a wife, father mother and sister to mourn his loss. The funeral was held from the M. E. Church last Sunday, Rev. North officiating. His remains were laid to rest in the Base Line Cemetery.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whi-key or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetiser and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at F. P. Glazier and Co's Drug Store.

-WE-

ARE THE PEOPLE

To Sell You

Groceries

And

Meats.

We give you nothing for your money

Except your money's worth. Are you not satisfied to be sure of that? We give full weight, full measure and full value for your money every time.

R. A. SNYDER.

Chelsea Steam Laundry.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry S. A. Mapes is at the head, Of th's wide awake industry, Too much cannot be said.

They have a style of doing work That is clear out of sight, And when you undo your bundle You always find things right.

Shirts they do at ten cents Somethings at two and three, Which keeps them just as busy As the gayest bumble bee.

Cuffs, collars and curtains And ladies garments as well, And all kinds of family work Which makes a list swell.

Though busy from morn till evening There is never a moments delay, And a courteous welcome is tendered To all who happen that way.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Work called for and delivered.

S. A. MAPES, Prop.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN
DENTIST,

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PALMER & TWITCHELL.

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. 17



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's bank.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in the paper.

Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Special Sale

of our entire stock of Ladies' Misses' and Children's

WOOLEN HOSIERY and GLOVES.

We shall make prices lower than ever heard of before.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates. Delineators. Metropolitan plate, etc.

QUALITY

Is the Standard of Value for which we compete.

A call will convince you that this is correct in every respect.

GEO. WEBSTER.



We will continue to SELL FURNITURE at the LOWEST PRICES Ever heard of on first-class goods.

Special prices this month on Extension tables, Dining Chairs, Beds, Mattress and Springs.

W. J. KNAPP.

FEATHERBONE CORSETS AND WAISTS.

Correct Shapes. Best Materials. Latest Styles. Most Comfortable.

Recommended by Ladies who wear them.



TRADE-MARK REGISTERED. Dress-Makers say: "They are the best fitting corset on the market." Merchants cheerfully refund the money after 4 week's trial if not satisfactory. Call for them at the stores.

FEATHERBONE CORSET CO.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS, KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

FOR SALE BY

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing and Carpets.

CHELSEA,

MICHIGAN.



The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

A FULL-GROWN MAN. It has stood the test of public opinion for 21 years, progressing and growing in strength year by year, admired by publishers and all people for its fearless, manly attitude on all public questions, and for its intrinsic merit as a great newspaper.

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THE EVENING NEWS,

DETROIT.

2 CENTS PER COPY. 10 CENTS A WEEK. \$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL.

Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Jan. 17, 1895

Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by President. Roll call by Clerk. Present—Wm Bacon, President. Trustees Present—Riemanschnieder, Gilbert, Schumacher, and Pierce. Trustees Absent—None. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The following communication received from Chelsea Electric Light Co.:

To the President and Trustees of the Village of Chelsea.

In compliance with your request for a proposition for lighting the streets with Arc Lights, we herewith submit the following:

1st proposition. We agree to furnish you with twenty or more 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, to be hung in the middle of the street from 45 ft poles, at the rate of \$7.00 per light, per month.

2d proposition. We will furnish you with twenty-eight or more 1,200 candle power Arc Lights to be hung in the middle of the streets from 25 ft. poles, at the rate of \$5.00 per light per month.

Should any Incandescent Lights be required, we will furnish 16 candle power lights at 75 cents per month; 32 candle power lights at \$1.50 per month and 100 candle power lights at \$4.00 per month.

We agree to furnish and keep all lamps in repair and proper running order, there to be no charge whatever, other than above mentioned.

In reply to your statement that some other towns are paying only \$5.00 per month for 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, we wish to say that we have thoroughly investigated a number of cases of this kind and find that in the majority of cases their 2,000 candle power have proven to be only 1,200 candle power. In some other cases they were running their 2,000 candle power Dynamo at an amperage which would bring the real light produced down to about 1,200 candle power.

We visited a city in Michigan, where two Electric Light Plants were in operation, one running by water power, and people claimed to be getting 2,000 candle power Arc Lights at \$4.50 per month. Upon investigation however, we found that one plant was running 55 lights on a 30 light dynamo, and the other plant was running at about 7 1/2 amperes, or equivalent to about 1,500 candle power. We cannot do business in this way.

It is a fact beyond dispute that fully two-thirds of the electric light plants in Michigan, claiming to run 2,000 candle power lights, are in reality only running 1,200 candle power lights. This is easily proven as it is impossible to produce a 2,000 candle power light with a 1,200 candle power dynamo.

Under no circumstances would we think of doing business in this way. If we enter into a contract to furnish either 2,000 candle power or 1,200 candle power lights, they will be just what the contract calls for and nothing else.

Consequently we do not care to entertain any proposition for lighting at a figure below which we know lights can be honestly furnished.

If you wish 2,000 candle power lights, run at from 7 1/2 to 8 amperes, as they are being run in many towns, (which means 1,500 to 1,600 candle power) we will gladly furnish them, the price to be in proportion to the candle power, but in this case the candle power must be decided upon and plainly stated in the contract. In connection with this matter we wish to say there are more places in Michigan paying \$8.00 per month for 2,000 candle power lights than are paying less.

Inasmuch as stories are in circulation among the people that we have demanded a contract for street lighting at from \$3.00 to \$5.00 per year which places us in a false light, we would respectfully request that our proposition for lighting the streets be submitted to a vote of the people of Chelsea at the earliest possible date.

Respectfully, CHELSEA ELECTRIC LIGHT CO, FRED WEDEMAYER, Sec.

Moved by Gilbert and supported by Riemanschnieder, that the communication from the Chelsea Electric Light Co. be received and placed on file. Carried.

The following is the Majority Report of the Electric Light Committee:

Chelsea, Mich., Jan. 17, 1895.

To the Honorable, the President and Trustees of the Village of Chelsea:

Your committee on electric lights would submit the following majority report: We have conferred with the officers of the Chelsea Electric Light Co., and they say

they will not put in any arc lights of 2,000 candle power for less than \$7.00 per light per month, and will not put in less than twenty lights even at that price. It had been told to your Committee that most other towns that were using arc lights were only getting 1,200 candle power lights, and that was the light that they were paying \$5.00 for. Two of your committee made a visit to the town of Howell, where we had been told that they perhaps had only 1,200 candle power light, but we found upon investigation that they were getting 2,000 candle power lights, and at \$5.00 per light per month, running to 12 o'clock nights, moonlight schedule. We do not think that the Village of Chelsea can be lighted honestly with less than twenty-five arc lights, and we think under the present condition of the times that it would not be advisable to put on too heavy a taxation upon the people unless the people so desire. Therefore we would recommend that the proposition of the Electric Light Co., of Chelsea, be rejected, and if the people desire the right to vote upon lighting the Village with arc lights, that they petition your honorable body to submit the question to them at the coming Village Election in March next. All of which is respectfully submitted.

Wm BACON W. F. RIEMANSCHNEIDER.

Moved by Gilbert and supported by Pierce that the majority report of Electric Light Committee be received and printed in the minutes.

Yeas—Gilbert, Schumacher, Schenk, Riemanschnieder and Pierce.

Nays—None. Carried.

On motion the following bills were allowed and orders drawn on the treasurer for the same:

G. Ahnemiller, 58 loads garbage... \$11 60 Thos. Leach, 204 loads gravel @ 5c 10 20 Chris. Oesterle, 8 hours work... 1 00 Rush Green, salary for Dec... 30 00 W. J. Knapp, hardware... 1 10 Milo Shaver, cartage 23 loads... 4 60

On motion Board adjourned.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Notice.

The Special Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Chelsea Recreation Park Association will be held at the Town Hall, in Chelsea, on Saturday, the 9th day of March, 1895, at 8 o'clock p. m for the purpose of electing Seven Directors for the ensuing year, and for transacting such other business as may legally come before said Annual Meeting.

JAMES TAYLOR, Sec'y.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at F. P. Glazier & Co's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal. says: "Snillon's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

The Veil.

The first requirements in a veil is that it shall be of unstinted size, double width, unless it is to be worn with a very small bonnet, and a yard long, so that it may be gathered up in generous folds over the hat brim and pinned—a veil should never be tied—well up at the back of the hat. A better fit and a prettier effect are given by a little cluster of feathers directly in front. It is hoped that woman will sometime learn that veils figured with sprigs, or indeed anything but anobtrusive dots, are never becoming and makes them look, as a man was heard to remark the other day, "as if their faces were covered with flies."

Forty years ago 60 of every 100 heads of families in this country owned their own homes. To-day with \$100,000,000, 000 of new wealth created by labor, only 36 of every 100 own their homes. Of the almost countless millions of wealth of this country all of which is the product of labor, one half of it is owned by 31,000 of our 65,000,000 of people. Of this vast wealth that has steadily drifted from the labor that created it until its control is centralized into a few thousand people, over \$1,500,000,000 has been centralized in monopoly trusts of the necessities of life.



STORK CHOP



Cheapest to Use

Because it

Goes the Farthest.

Our Line of

Teas and Coffees

Was never more complete than at present.

If you want Teas and Coffees that will give satisfaction try ours. Every pound guaranteed.

Beissel & Staffan.

THE MILD POWER CURES.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF HUMPHREYS' CURES.	PRICES.
1—Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.	.25
3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.	.25
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.	.25
5—Dysentery, Griping, Vomiting.	.25
6—Cholera Morbus, Bilious Colic.	.25
7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	.25
8—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.	.25
9—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.	.25
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	.25
13—Cramp, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	.25
14—Sore Throat, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15—Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.	.25
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	.25
17—Piles, Blind or Bleeding.	.25
18—Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.	.25
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20—Whooping Cough.	.25
21—Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.	.25
22—Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing.	.25
23—Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling.	.25
24—General Debility, Physical Weakness.	.25
25—Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.	.25
26—Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding.	.25
27—Kidney Diseases.	.25
28—Nervous Debility.	.25
29—Sore Mouth, or Canker.	.25
30—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
31—Painful Periods.	.25
32—Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation.	1.00
33—Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vicus' Dance.	1.00
34—Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat.	.25
35—Chronic Congestions and Eruptions.	.25

"77" DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC FOR GRIP, 25c. Put up in small bottles of pleasant pellets, just fits your vest pocket.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (244 pages), mailed post.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

SPECIFICS.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

"THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

Subscribe

for the

Chelsea Herald.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

JOSHUA LENEING, a leading business man and the president of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Baltimore, will probably be the presidential candidate of the prohibitionists.

People who wonder how cold gets into their houses in spite of all their precautions against it will be interested in learning from an article in Machinery that a candle can be blown out by concentrating the leakage of air which comes through the pores of the bricks in a few feet of ordinary wall exposed to the wind.

The Atlantic steamers, which must make the voyage now in seven days or under, burn from 200 to 300 tons of coal daily, making this item of expense over \$1,500 every twenty-four hours. The Umbria burns twelve tons of coal per hour, and on every vessel of her size the journals and bearing of the machinery require 130 gallons of lubricating oil per day.

HENRY HALL, of Three Rivers, Mich., knows something about the production of peppermint oil, and he advises farmers to engage more extensively in the industry. He owns 900 acres in Florence township, and last year had over 100 men working in the mint fields. Over 20,000 pounds of peppermint oil were produced and it brought from \$1.50 to \$2 per pound.

The first suit brought in New York since the repeal of the constitutional provision limiting damages for the loss of a life to \$5,000 has just been decided. A woman sued a stage company for the accidental killing of her husband and got a verdict for \$18,000. It was shown that he was an habitual drunkard, but the jury did not seem to think that lessened his cash value.

On board the Elbe the passengers outnumbered the officers and sailors five to one, or thereabouts, but among the rescued the officers and sailors outnumber the passengers nearly ten to one. In spite of all the talk about the gallantry which sees the ladies in the life boats first, a lady passenger has about one chance of being rescued where a common deck-hand has fifty.

A STRANGE sight in Louisville the other evening was a lunar halo of curious shape. It seemed as if the moon were melting and spreading all over the sky. A great yellow band, fully as wide as the moon itself, extended above and hung below it. In the center of this straight, perpendicular band of glowing light, the outlines of the three-quarters full moon could be plainly seen.

The Sioux Indians propose to raise by popular subscription a fund for the erection of a monument to their chief, Iron Nation, who died recently on the reservation near Chamberlain, S. D. Iron Nation had been a prominent figure in Sioux affairs for sixty years. As a leader in a long series of wars with the Pawnees, Omahas, Poncas, Gros Ventres and other tribes he was held in high esteem by his tribe.

A TUBULAR boiler 1,800 years old has been discovered at Pompeii. It is made of sheet metal, probably copper, in the shape of a large amphora or two-handled jar, with a hollow space running half way up the center of the jar. In this space was placed a cylindrical firebox resting on five firebars, which are tubes three-quarters of an inch in diameter, connecting with the water space. The fuel seems to have been charcoal.

Shoes made in whole or in part from the skin of the Canadian hair seal are now sold in New York at about the price of other ready-made shoes. The leather is very heavy, though pliant, and reputed in Newfoundland to be almost waterproof. It is notable for a somewhat coarse, pebbled surface. Porpoise leather, now somewhat scarce, is also reputed to turn water. It is one of the most expensive materials known to the shoe trade.

The plan of Wallace C. Andres, of New York—the gentleman who invented pipe lines for pumping oil, and so insured the success of the Standard Oil Co.—to pump crushed coal through pipes such as oil is pumped, seems about to be realized. It is confidently predicted by Mr. Andres that within the next six months a coal pipe line 350 miles long, will be in successful operation pumping coal from one of the bituminous coal fields to the seaboard.

The Citizens' Savings bank of New York keeps a record of the occupations of its depositors. Among its depositors during the year 1894 there was only one actor, while there were 1,392 tailors; there was but a single editor, while there were 725 laborers; there was one boarding house keeper, and 337 peddlers. There were lots of shoemakers, bakers, barbers, waiters and cigarmakers, but very few musicians, liquor dealers, instrument makers, lawyers, policemen or soldiers, only five policemen, five lawyers and one soldier.

MORE BONDS.

President Cleveland's Special Message on the Subject.

Congress Informed That Arrangements Have Been Made to Dispose of 4-30 Coin Bonds to the Amount of \$62,400,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The president issued the following message to congress at noon Friday:

TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES: Since my recent communication to congress calling attention to our financial condition and suggesting legislation which I deemed essential to our national welfare and credit, the anxiety and apprehension then existing in business circles have continued.

As a precaution, therefore, against the failure of timely legislative aid through congressional action cautious preparations have been pending to employ to the best possible advantage, in default of better means, such executive authority as may without additional legislation be exercised for the purpose of reinforcing and maintaining in our treasury an adequate and safe gold reserve.

In the judgment of those especially charged with this responsibility, the business situation is so critical and the legislative situation is so unpromising with the omission thus far on the part of congress to beneficially enlarge the powers of the secretary of the treasury in the premises as to enjoin immediate executive action with the facilities now at hand.

Therefore in pursuance of section 3,700 of the revised statutes, the details of an arrangement have this day been concluded with parties abundantly able to fulfill their undertaking whereby bonds of the United States authorized under the act of July 14, 1873, payable in coin, thirty years after their date, with interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum to the amount of a little less than \$62,400,000, are to be issued for the purchase of gold coin amounting to a sum slightly in excess of \$65,000,000 to be delivered to the treasury of the United States, which sum added to the gold now held in our reserve will so restore such reserve as to make it amount to something more than \$100,000,000. Such a premium is to be allowed to the government upon the bonds as to fix the rate of interest upon the amount of gold realized at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. At least one-half of the gold to be obtained is to be supplied from abroad, which is a very important and favorable feature of the transaction.

The privilege is especially reserved to the government to substitute at par within ten days from this date in lieu of 4 per cent. coin bonds, other bonds in terms payable in gold and bearing only 3 per cent. interest if the issue of the same should in the meantime be authorized by congress.

The arrangement thus completed, which after careful inquiry appears in present circumstances and considering all the objects desired to be the best attainable, develops such a difference in the estimation of investors between bonds made payable in coin and those specifically made payable in gold in favor of the latter, and is represented by three-fourths of a cent in annual interest.

In the agreement just concluded the annual saving in interest to the government if 3 per cent. gold bonds should be substituted for 4 per cent. coin bonds under the privilege reserved, would be \$339,150, amounting in thirty years or at the maturity of the coin bonds, to \$16,174,770.

Of course, there never should be a doubt in any quarter as to the redemption in gold of the bonds of the government which are made payable in gold. Therefore, the discrimination, in the judgment of investors, between our bond obligations payable in coin and those specifically made payable in gold is very significant.

It is hardly necessary to suggest that whatever may be our views on the subject the sentiments or preferences of those with whom we must negotiate in disposing of our bonds for gold are not subject to our dictation.

I have only to add that in my opinion the transaction herein detailed for the information of the congress promises better results than the efforts previously made in the direction of effectively adding to our gold reserve through the sale of bonds, and I believe it will tend, as far as such action can in present circumstances, to meet the determination expressed in the law repealing the silver purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, and that in the language of such repealing act the arrangement made will aid our efforts to "insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts." (Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

Executive Mansion, Feb. 8, 1895.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The following official memorandum of the bond transaction referred to in the president's message has been made public by the treasury department:

"The contract was made with August Belmont & Co., of New York, on behalf of Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons, of London, and themselves, and J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, on behalf of J. S. Morgan & Co., of London, and themselves, and provides for the delivery to the United States of 8,000,000 ounces of standard gold coin of the United States to be paid for in United States 4 per cent. bonds. A large number of other banks and financial institutions are interested in the transaction, but their names are not mentioned in the contract itself. The department does not know in what proportion the various parties are to furnish the gold coin or receive the bonds, as this is a matter for arrangement between themselves. By the terms of the contract the parties are to bear all the expense of bringing gold from abroad, and they are, so far as it lies in their power, to exert all their financial influence and make all legitimate efforts to protect the treasury against withdrawals of gold pending complete performance of the contract. No bonds are to be delivered except in payment for gold actually delivered. In view of the possible failure of legislation in congress negotiations have been pending for some time here and abroad and the terms of this contract are the best that could be procured with a coin bond."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Senator Lodge (rep. Mass.) has (by request) introduced a bill to provide for the issue of \$1,250,000,000 worth of bonds, payable in gold coin, at 2 1/2 per cent. interest, to run for from ten to twenty-five years.

Tragedy in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 9.—At Hillsboro Friday afternoon H. F. Dant, a veteran of the civil war, 50 years of age, shot Mrs. John Mueller and her daughter, Mrs. Manning, and then killed himself. He had paid the costs of divorce proceedings for Mrs. Manning in consideration of her promise to marry him. She refused, and in a quarrel in which Mrs. Mueller took her daughter's part, he committed the crime. Both women will recover.

QUEEN "LIL" ABDICATES.

She Takes the Oath of Allegiance to the Republic of Hawaii.

The queen made a plea for the Hawaiians and others who took part in the rebellion. She hopes executive clemency will be exercised in their cases. She expresses a desire to live in absolute privacy henceforth. The document includes a copy of the oath of allegiance taken by her, and closes: "I have caused the foregoing statement to be prepared and drawn, and have signed my name without having received the slightest suggestion from the president of Hawaii concerning the same or any part thereof, or concerning any action or course of my own in the premises."

The queen's abdication was not unexpected. In many quarters it is looked upon as a ruse to secure clemency when she appears before the military court now sitting. It is not generally considered that she is sincere in making her protestation. Since last advices evidence of very damaging character has been piled around her. She was arrested on a military warrant on the 16th instant. No protest was made when the papers were served on her, and without delay she was escorted to the executive building and confined in a room, where she now remains under guard.

On the evening of the day of her arrest her house was searched and the result was the finding of the largest amount of arms and ammunition at one time since the present trouble began. The munitions of war consisted of thirty-four rifles, eleven pistols, several swords, a large amount of cartridges and twenty-one dynamite bombs. The discovery of this small arsenal caused a great deal of indignation among all classes and proved conclusively that the queen is in league with the rebels.

The following day the premises were searched again and a number of damaging papers were found. They showed that Liliuokalani was certain of restoration, as she even went so far as to have a new cabinet made out. It was to be composed as follows:

Robert W. Wilcox, minister of foreign affairs; Samuel Nowlin, minister of the interior; Charles T. Gulick, minister of finance; C. W. Ashford, attorney general. As associate justices she named Antone Rosa and V. V. Ashford. W. H. Rickard was to be marshal. Governors for different islands were selected, a new constitution was prepared by Charles T. Gulick; in fact everything was in readiness for restoration. Arrests for treason and conspiracy have been numerous. In all there are about 350 men under lock and key. This number includes the prisoners of war.

WENT LIKE THE OTHERS.

The Administration's Financial Bill Defeated in the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The house discussed plans for financial relief three days and refused by decisive votes to pass any one of them. When the committee of the whole, at 3:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, concluded its sessions three propositions were reported to the house for its action—the original Springer bill (known as the administration bill) for the issue of \$500,000,000 3 per cent. fifty-year gold bonds, as amended by the committee of the whole; the substitute proposed by Mr. Reed authorizing the issue of two-year 3 per cent. certificates of indebtedness to meet current deficiencies in the revenue and bonds to cover the deficiency in the gold reserve, with an amendment proposed by Mr. Bryan (dem., Neb.) reaffirming the declaration of the Matthews resolution of 1878, to the effect that coin obligations of the government are payable in standard silver dollars, at its option; and the substitute of Mr. Cox (dem., Tenn.), containing a rehabilitation of state banks, with an amendment proposed by Mr. Cobb (dem., Ala.), expressly declining to confer the right to issue bonds upon the secretary of the treasury.

Mr. Bryan's amendment was rejected—yeas, 127; nays, 169, and then Mr. Reed's substitute went the same way by a vote of 109 to 187. This was nearly a party vote, the populists and democrats in opposition and republicans in favor of the substitute. The amendment proposed by Mr. Cobb to Mr. Cox's substitute was voted down viva voce, and the substitute itself received but 55 votes in the affirmative to 184 in the negative. Mr. Cox's request for a yeas and nays vote was not supported by a sufficient number to secure it.

By the unexpectedly large vote of 159 yeas and 97 nays the house, on a division, refused to order the engrossment and third reading of the amended Springer bill, which announcement was received with applause. A vote by yeas and nays somewhat reduced the majority against the bill, it resulting—yeas, 135; nays, 162; present and not voting, 4.

Mr. Springer, having changed his vote for that purpose, moved to reconsider the vote, and that motion, on motion of Mr. Hatch (dem., Mo.), was laid on the table—yeas, 135; nays, 123—which finally disposed of the matter.

Immigration Bureau in Wisconsin.

ASHLAND, Wis., Feb. 8.—An extensive scheme has been inaugurated at Madison in the creation of a state immigration bureau to locate people from cities on farming lands throughout northern Wisconsin.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Death of a Pioneer Woman.

Mrs. Olive Vedder died at her home in Sandstone, aged 82. Mrs. Vedder was a pioneer of Michigan and in many respects a remarkable woman. During sixty years she lived on the same large farm which she had helped with her own hands to clear and till, coming to Michigan from Attica, N. Y., in 1835. She outlived two husbands and all but three of her nine children. When 75 years old she worked with her hired man in the harvest fields and stacked as much wheat as the best man on the farm. Her death was due directly to her fearless courage in handling a fractious team of horses which ran away and dragged her over the frozen ground.

Game and Fish Law.

The state game and fish league, which includes most of the sportsmen of the state, has agreed upon the bills the legislature will be asked to pass as follows:

The deer season is made the same in both peninsulas, the open season being from October 15 to November 1. No person is to kill more than two deer a season, and the use of dogs, pitfalls, artificial lights, etc., is prohibited. The bill makes the squirrel season from September 1 to November 30, snipe and woodcock from August 1 to November 30, and quail and partridge from October 15 to November 30. The sale of quail, partridge and woodcock is forbidden, and spring shooting of migratory duck is allowed. The league asks the legislature to exact a \$25 fee from non-resident hunters.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended February 2 reports sent in by fifty-five observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that inflammation of the kidneys increased, and diphtheria decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at twenty-four places, diphtheria at twenty-nine, scarlet fever at fifty-eight, consumption at 227, measles at eleven, and smallpox at Detroit, Bengal, Highland Park, Plymouth, Southfield, Pontiac and Hamtramck.

Masonic Home Association.

At the annual meeting in Grand Rapids of the Michigan Masonic Home association the treasurer's report showed total receipts for the year \$7,100, and \$1,250 on hand after paying all expenses. Old officers and directors were reelected as follows:

President, H. N. Moore; vice president, R. D. Swarthout; secretary, C. W. Calkins; treasurer, T. W. Strahan; trustee for two years, Leo A. Caro; for three years, Joseph Houseman, J. C. Herkner, C. W. Calkins, Col. E. Croft Fox, of Grand Rapids; C. P. Bigelow, Big Rapids, and W. S. Lawrence, Kalamazoo.

Bride Locked Up by Parents.

Sidney Tennant, aged 18 years, and of a rich family, ran away with Maud Baird, aged 19 years, of a poor but respectable family, and married her. They returned home to Bay City to secure forgiveness, but the Tennants refused to acknowledge the bride and the Bairds confined their daughter and would not allow her to see her husband. They will sue for a separation for her on the ground that the marriage is illegal owing to the groom's minority.

Four Men Saved from Death.

Ground at the Cumbria mine in Ne-gamue settled from the surface to the sixth level, a distance of 500 feet. The cave-in caused a terrific rush of air and four men were blown nearly 100 feet toward the shaft. They would have been blown to the mouth of the shaft, where a drop of 175 feet awaited them, but a tram car, which was also being blown along, being wrecked stopped their progress.

Victory for Law and Order.

The jury in the circuit court at Houghton returned a verdict of guilty against John F. Schroeder, of Red Jacket, charged with keeping a saloon open Sunday. This was a test case, and is a signal victory for the Calumet Law and Order league, which has been fighting for the enforcement of the Sunday-closing law for the last six months.

Fish Statistics.

A recent report shows that fisheries of Lake Huron give employment to 726 persons, and that \$400,000 capital is invested. The product for 1893 yielded \$221,000. On Lake St. Clair and the St. Clair river 611 persons are employed, and \$210,000 is invested. The product in 1894 brought \$73,557.

Last Relic Gone.

Gov. Rich announced the appointment of Charles S. Osborn, of the Sault Ste. Marie News, to be game and fish warden for four years from February 1, to succeed Charles S. Hampton, the only remaining relic of the democratic administration of 1891.

Short But Newsworthy Items.

State Senator John W. Watts died in Jackson from pneumonia. He was 57 years old, had served three terms in the lower house of the Michigan legislature, and was last fall elected to the senate by the republicans.

The Michigan Bill Posters' association, representing forty-six cities, met in annual session at Muskegon and elected George N. Leonard, of Grand Rapids, as president.

William Brusseau, alleged murderer of Dr. Pope, who was branded with a hatchet at Detroit in the presence of Brusseau and Mrs. Pope, told the police that Mrs. Pope actually committed the crime and he knew nothing of her purpose until after she had dealt the fatal blow.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 8.—The senate adopted suitable resolutions upon the death of Senator Watts. Eulogies were spoken by Lieut. Gov. Millner and Senators Brundage, Clapp, McLaughlin and Kilpatrick. A committee of five from each house will act as honorary pallbearers, and the senate will attend the funeral in a body at Jackson on Wednesday.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 6.—The Thompson bill providing for the appointment of a health board for Detroit by the governor was passed by the senate in committee of the whole without opposition. Bills were introduced as follows: Appropriating \$74,445 for support of the state fish commission; for the use of the Myers voting machine at all elections; requiring the guaranty fund of fraternal benevolent associations to be deposited in the state treasury; authorizing women to be elected trustees of Baptist churches; providing for filing chattel mortgages with registers of deeds.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 7.—On account of the funeral of Senator Watts the senate was not in session Wednesday. Bills were introduced in the house as follows: Appropriating \$31,000 for improvements at the Traverse City insane asylum; abolishing the annual tax upon registered pharmacists to sustain the board of pharmacy; to create a jury commission for the upper peninsula; appropriating \$47,000 for support of the blind school, and providing for a state tax statistician. Representative Partridge gave notice of his bill amending the primary election law which applies to cities of 20,000 or over. It provides that the inspector of caucuses shall be appointed for one year, the same as committeemen, and is aimed to do away with the packing of caucuses in the interest of any candidate. It also provides that only resident members of the party holding the caucus shall vote, and they are compelled to take a solemn oath that they are members of the party. The bill also provides a penalty for taking bribes or voting for candidates for nomination under promise of office. The only bill of importance passed was one providing that inmates of the soldiers' home admitted to insane asylums shall at once become a state charge.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 8.—In the senate the bill empowering the governor to appoint a health board for Detroit came up for third reading, when the roll call showed but sixteen votes for it, one less than was necessary to pass it, and the vote was reconsidered and the bill tabled, to be taken up when the absentees were present. Bills were introduced for incorporation of labor and trades unions; requiring lobbyists to register their names with the sergeant-at-arms, and providing a penalty upon which they are engaged, and subsequently to file an itemized account of expenses incurred; appropriating \$115,000 for the mining school at Houghton.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 9.—In the senate Friday the bill authorizing the governor to appoint a health board for Detroit was passed. Bills were passed requiring that one-half the members of the state board of agriculture be graduates of the agricultural college; for the incorporation of clubs of American wheelmen, and providing a jury commission for Bay county. Bills were introduced as follows: Authorizing the making of contracts to care for United States prisoners; making the office of state railway commissioner elective instead of appointive; authorizing the father of children under guardianship to demand an accounting from the guardian; prohibiting railroad companies in Michigan from charging an excess of one cent per ton for each mile for hauling iron ore; appropriating \$112,000 for the industrial school for boys, and \$25,000 for an electric light plant for the state capitol building; dividing the state into sixty-four legislative districts, instead of 100 as now; prohibiting theaters, opera houses and dance halls from opening on Sunday.

House.

LANSING, Feb. 5.—In the house Monday the following bills were introduced: Appropriating \$9,572 for improvements at the Marquette prison; prohibiting the shooting of quail and their shipment out of the state; reducing the rental of telephones from \$4 to \$3 per month for a single instrument and \$2.50 for each additional; for the establishment of a normal school in the upper peninsula; also, a joint resolution fixing the compensation of members of the legislature at \$750 per annum and no mileage allowance and five dollars per day for extra sessions not to exceed twenty days; also a joint resolution providing that at the general election of 1896 members in odd-numbered senatorial and legislative districts be elected for two years, and those with even numbers for four, half of the new members being elected each subsequent two years.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 6.—Bills passed the house Tuesday appropriating \$2000 to mark the positions of Michigan regiments at Chikamauga and Chattanooga and providing for a hearing before judges of probate for persons who have been adjudged insane with reference to their restoration to mental soundness. The following bills were introduced: Making the secretary of the state board of health superintendent of vital statistics; increasing the number of companies of the Michigan national guard from forty to forty-four; requiring registration and inspection at primary elections; providing for a legal verdict on civil cases by nine jurors on a panel of twelve and of four jurors on a panel of six; prohibiting the wearing of big hats at theaters, and one requiring all lobbyists to register with the sergeant-at-arms of the two houses, and prohibiting persons not so registered from appearing before the legislative committees in behalf of pending measures.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 8.—In the house a favorable report was made on the bill repealing the mortgage tax feature of the general tax law. Bills were introduced providing for the death penalty for murder; providing for a uniform liquor tax of \$400, and providing that saloons be permitted to remain open on the Fourth of July, New Year's day, Washington's birthday and Labor day. Bills were noticed to prohibit corporations from requiring any of their employees to take out life insurance in any particular company; providing for the closing of theaters and similar places of amusement on Sunday; making it unlawful to mesmerize or hypnotize a person without his consent; requiring the regents of the university to cover into the state treasury all money held by them in trust and empowering the regents to take and hold in perpetual trust land and other property.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 9.—In the house Friday a bill was introduced to constitute eight hours a legal day's work. Also one providing that United States prisoners confined in the Michigan prisons should be returned to the states from whence they came at the expiration of their sentences.

Judge Long's Pension.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—A mandamus has been issued against the commissioner of pensions to enforce the restoration of a pension of \$72 a month to Judge Long, of Michigan. The suit against the secretary of the interior has been dismissed.

Found a Peanut-Shell.

BRAZIL, Ind., Feb. 9.—The infant child of James Winters, of this county, died of throat trouble that puzzled the physicians. A peanut shell was found lodged in her throat.

A WOMAN'S NERVES.

The Story of a Woman to Whom Noise Was Torture.

Illustrated by the Least Excitement—Physicians Baffled by Her Case.

(From the Gate City, Keokuk, Iowa.)

Mrs. Helen Meyers, whose home is at 8515 Madison Avenue, Chicago, and whose visit to Keokuk, Ia., will long be remembered, was one time afflicted with a nervous malady which at times drove her nearly to distraction. "Those terrible headaches are a thing of the past," she said the other day to a Keokuk City representative, "and there is quite a story in connection with it, too."

My nervous system sustained a great shock fifteen years ago, brought on, I believe, through too much worrying over family matters, and then allowing my love for my books to get the better of my discretion where my health was concerned. Why, whenever my affairs at home did not go along just as I expected, I would invariably become prostrated from the excitement, and I would consider myself fortunate indeed if the effects of the attack would not remain for a week. I was obliged to give up my pleasant home not far from the Lake Shore drive, because I could not stand the noise in that locality. I could find no place in the city which I deemed suitable to one whose nervous system was always on the point of explosion. To add to my misfortune my complexion underwent a change, and I looked so yellow and sorrowful that I was ashamed to venture from the house at all.

"Madam," said my doctor to me soon after an unusually severe attack of the malady, "unless you leave the city and seek a place of quiet you will never recover." So I concluded I would visit my uncle, who lives in Dallas County, Iowa, and whose farm would surely be a good place for one in my pitiable condition. I picked up the Gate City one day and happened to come across an interesting recital of the recovery of some woman in New York State who was afflicted as I had been. This woman had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I thought that if Pink Pills cured that woman they might do the same for me. I began to take the pills according to directions, and I began to feel better from the start. After I had taken several boxes of them I was ready to go back to Chicago. My nervousness was gone and my complexion was as fresh as that of any sixteen-year-old girl in Iowa, and Pink Pills was what put the color in my cheeks. No wonder I am in such high spirits and feel like a prize fighter. And no wonder I like to come to Keokuk, for if it had not been for Pink Pills bought from a Keokuk firm I would not have been alive now," laughingly concluded the lady.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

It Was Shut.

"Sam, shut the shutter." Mother Hyde called, with her cap-strings all a-flutter. "I've shut the shutter," Sam replied. "And I can't shut it any shutter."

—J. T. Greenleaf, in St. Nicholas

The Gospel of Art.

Work thou for pleasure: paint or sing or carve The thing thou lovest, though the body starve.

Who works for glory misses off the goal: Who works for money coins his very soul.

Work for the work's sake, then, and it may be That these things shall be added unto thee.

—Kenyon Cox, in Century.

GRASS IS KING!

Grass rules. It is the most valuable crop of America, worth more than either corn or wheat. Luxurious meadows are the farmers' delight. A positive way to get them, and the only one we know, is to sow Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures. Many of our farmer readers prize them and say they get 4 to 6 tons of magnificent hay per acre from Salzer's seeds. Over 900 different kinds of Grass, Clover and Fodder Plant seeds are sold by Salzer.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT WITH 7c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get a sample of GRASS & CLOVER MIXTURE and their mammoth seed catalogue free. [K]

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

"The Carlsbad of America."

The season at this famous Health and Pleasure Resort is now at its height, and in addition to the many attractions offered at Hot Springs and the Resorts in the near vicinity, arrangements have been made for a daily running meet at the Race Track, Foot Ball Games and Base Ball Games between Professional Clubs at the Park. All lines from the East, North and West connect at St. Louis in the new magnificent Union Station with the Iron Mountain Route which runs elegant through Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars daily, direct to the Springs.

Call on or write Ticket Agents of connecting lines for beautifully illustrated and descriptive pamphlets relative to the Springs, Hotels, and other information. (Mailed Free), or address H. C. TOWNSEND, General Pass Agent, Iron Mountain Route, St. Louis.

Ma Brown—"I've got a cold or something in my head." Mrs. Brown—"It must be a cold, dear, I'm sure."—Judge.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CENNEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. CENNEY for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

O. Walding, Kinnear & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

One great trouble about extravagance is that it always costs too much.—Galveston News.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a positive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

PASSED AND VETOED.

Brooklyn Council Takes Action in the Trolley Troubles.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 6.—Barely 2,000 people assembled in front of the city hall Monday afternoon, and the demonstration planned by the strikers to overawe the civic authorities was a failure, at least as far as force of numbers was concerned. Master Workman Connelly had announced that 20,000 people would certainly be present, and perhaps double that number. Mayor Schieren at the eleventh hour decided that his proclamation of two weeks ago ordering citizens to refrain from congregating on the streets or squares of the city is still in force, and under directions from him the police cleared city hall square of the crowd which assembled in response to the order of Connelly and others of the executive committee of the strikers.

The men are highly indignant at the action of the authorities in refusing them the time-honored right to assemble for the purpose of petition and prayer for relief from unjust usage. While they were rebuffed by the policemen in front of the city hall, their leader entered alone by the rear door and was permitted to carry his bundle of petitions to the council chamber, where the board of aldermen, after a brief discussion, passed by a vote of 10 to 8 the resolution prayed for, and revoked the grants to the Brooklyn City and Atlantic Avenue trolley companies.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Mayor Schieren Thursday vetoed the resolution passed by the aldermen on Tuesday revoking the licenses and franchises of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad company and the Atlantic Avenue Railroad company.

IN THE DEBS CASE.

The Marshal Couldn't Find Mr. Pullman Who Was Wanted as a Witness.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—It was expected that George M. Pullman would take the stand at the opening of the Debs trial Wednesday morning, but the marshal reported he could not find him, and that it was his belief that the palace car president was in his office part of the day Tuesday, but refused to allow the officer to gain admission to his presence. Later on, it is claimed, Mr. Pullman took a train for Florida.

President Eugene V. Debs was the principal witness of the day, and he declared that during the continuance of the strike he at no time was guilty of any violation of the federal law, nor did he at any time from the first meeting of the A. R. U. until the end of the strike countenance any acts of violence or advise anyone to violate the laws of the nation, the state laws or any city ordinance. He emphatically stated that at all meetings his words were to the effect that under no circumstances must mail trains be interfered with.

EX-MINISTER STEVENS DEAD.

Was a Man of Unusual Character and of Great Diplomatic Experience.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 11.—Hon. John L. Stevens, ex-minister to Hawaii, died at his home in this city at 4 o'clock Friday morning of valvular disease of the heart.

[John L. Stevens, ex-minister to Hawaii, who was criticized pro and con for entering into negotiations with the newly-established provisional government of Hawaii without the knowledge and consent of the United States, was a man of unusual character and diplomatic ability. When he saw that a revolution was imminent, he promptly called out the marines from the man-of-war Boston, then lying in the harbor. The establishment of the provisional government quickly followed and the queen was deposed, thus assuring peace and happiness once more to the inhabitants. For this timely act he was commended by the president.]

FOUR MORE DISMISSED.

Defendants in the Debs Case Get Off Easy—Railway Presidents Testify.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—At the opening of the Debs trial Tuesday morning Attorney Edwin Walker asked on behalf of the government that the cases against Dennis Larkin, John Burke, Frank Dryer and James McDonald be dismissed. Judge Grosscup dismissed these four and announced that he would let the jury pass on the cases of the directors of the American Railway union. The defense asked him Monday to dismiss the cases without a further hearing. In regard to John F. McVean and Martin J. Elliot, the two least active of the directors, the judge said he would take their cases under consideration.

SIX BURNED.

Entire Family Consumed with Their Home at Omer, Mich.

STANDISH, Mich., Feb. 7.—The residence of John Bock at Omer, Mich., was destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock Wednesday morning, and the family, consisting of six persons, Mr. Bock, his wife, two boys and two girls, were burned to death. The fire was not discovered by neighbors until the building was practically destroyed. It is supposed that the fire caught from a stovepipe. The charred bodies have been recovered.

Fortune for a Baker.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Feb. 8.—William Burkhardt, a baker who has been pulling against the stream for months in an effort to eke out a living by selling four loaves for twenty-five cents, was made glad Wednesday afternoon through a cablegram from Germany announcing that an uncle had died, leaving William a fortune of \$60,000 in cash and land. He will go to the fatherland.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE MARKETS.

	NEW YORK, Feb. 11.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle.....	\$1.20 @ 4.25
Sheep.....	3.50 @ 5.00
Hogs.....	4.40 @ 4.75
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	3.05 @ 3.80
City Mill Patents.....	4.00 @ 4.15
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	67 1/2 @ 67 1/2
No. 1 Northern.....	67 1/2 @ 67 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	43 1/2 @ 48 1/2
May.....	39 1/2 @ 49 1/2
OATS.....	54 @ 55
RYE.....	54 @ 55
PORK—Mess., New.....	11.25 @ 12.00
LARD—Western.....	6.90 @ 6.95
BUTTER—West'n Creamery.....	11 @ 25
Western Dairy.....	10 @ 15

	CHICAGO.
CATTLE—Shipping Steers.....	\$3.40 @ 5.65
Stockers and Feeders.....	2.20 @ 3.00
Butchers' Steers.....	3.10 @ 3.60
Texas Steers.....	2.75 @ 4.15
HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.65
SHEEP.....	1.80 @ 4.00
BUTTER—Creamery.....	12 @ 23
Dairy.....	8 @ 20
EGGS.....	18 1/2 @ 30
BROOM CORN (per ton).....	60.00 @ 120.00
POTATOES (per bu.).....	52 @ 63
PORK—Mess.....	9.90 @ 10.00
LARD—Steam.....	6.50 @ 6.57 1/2
FLOUR—Spring Patents.....	3.20 @ 3.50
Spring Straights.....	2.10 @ 2.80
Winter Patents.....	2.50 @ 2.65
Winter Straights.....	2.35 @ 2.50
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2.....	50 1/2 @ 51 1/2
Corn, No. 2.....	42 1/2 @ 42 1/2
Oats, No. 2.....	18 1/2 @ 25 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	50 @ 50 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	55 1/2 @ 56 1/2
LUMBER—Common Boards.....	13.40 @ 13.50
Fencing.....	12.00 @ 15.00
Lath, Dry.....	2.20 @ 2.25
Shingles.....	2.30 @ 2.75

	MILWAUKEE.
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring.....	52 1/2 @ 52 1/2
Corn, No. 2.....	43 1/2 @ 43 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White.....	31 1/2 @ 32
Rye, No. 1.....	52 1/2 @ 53
Barley, No. 2.....	52 1/2 @ 53
PORK—Mess.....	10.20 @ 10.25
LARD—Steam.....	6.50 @ 6.55

	ST. LOUIS.
CATTLE—Texas Steers.....	\$3.20 @ 3.90
Native Steers.....	3.10 @ 4.00
HOGS.....	4.10 @ 4.30
SHEEP.....	3.30 @ 3.85

	OMAHA.
CATTLE.....	\$3.00 @ 4.80
HOGS—Light and Mixed.....	3.75 @ 4.10
Heavy.....	4.10 @ 4.30
SHEEP.....	2.25 @ 3.00

"I shall expect you," said the justice to the colored culprit, "to tell the whole truth."

"De whole truth, sah!" "Yes." "Jedge, jedge, gimme six months!"—Atlanta Constitution.

The Wastes of Siberia

Are not more barren of comfort than the waists of those who suffer from dyspepsia, from liver complaint or from kidney trouble. But in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they can find relief. So can the malarious, the rheumatic, the neuralgic, the feeble and the old. Use with persistence this remedy with a career of over a third of a century. A wine-glassful three times a day.

What a great scheme it would be for the stage dancer of the day if she could, like Mercury, have wings on her heels to make 'em fly higher.—N. Y. Recorder.

HALE'S Honey of Horehound and Tar relieves whooping cough. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

SCROFULA

Miss Della Stevens, of Boston, Mass., writes: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula, for which I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians, but none relieved me. After taking 6 bottles of I am now well. I am very grateful to you, as I feel that it saved me from a life of untold agony, and shall take pleasure in speaking only words of praise for the wonderful medicine, and in recommending it to all.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SSS CURED

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT REMEDY

CURES PAINS OF MAN & BEAST

SUCCESS

Fairly jumped into success—Pearline. Right from the very start. Notwithstanding all these hundreds of years of precedence behind that old-fashioned, back-breaking way of washing with soap, too.

Now, why was it? Why is it that hundreds of millions of packages of Pearline have been used in the few years since this washing-compound was invented? Just do your washing and cleaning with Pearline for a month, and you'll see.

It takes away the rubbing, but without any risk of harm. That puts it at the head of every known aid for washing.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

TELLS THE SECRET.

"SINCE I USED

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

My Clothes are whiter, my Health better, my Labor less!

BEST, PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL
MADE BY THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

"We think Piso's CURE for CONSUMPTION is the only medicine for coughs."

JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ill., October 1, 1894.

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. BEST COUGH SYRUP....

TASTES GOOD. USE IN TIME. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. 25 CENTS.

BEST POLISH IN THE WORLD.

RISE SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED

with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, and Durable. Each package contains six ounces; when moistened will make several boxes of Paste Polish.

HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

★ WORLD'S FAIR ★
HIGHEST AWARD!
★ SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE ★

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Savior for INVALIDS and The Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and CHILDREN

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers, And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;—And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

W. L. DOUGLAS IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING. 5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF. \$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.45 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMEN'S. EXTRA FINE. \$2.17 1/2 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES' \$3.25 \$2.17 1/2 BEST GONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform, stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

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